

# THE EVENING CRITIC.

Thirteenth Year--No. 3,957.

WASHINGTON, D. C., MONDAY, JULY 4, 1881.

TWO CENTS.

## EXTRA

10.30 A. M.

### OUR PRESIDENT.

The Case Critical but Not Hopeless.

WHAT THE DOCTORS SAY.

The Vice President at the White House.

His Interview with Mrs Garfield.

This Morning's Bulletin.

Scenes and Incidents at the White House.

**Anxiety at the White House.**  
At the White House from 9 o'clock last night until 8:35 o'clock this morning, the greatest anxiety prevailed among the watchers within the Mansion and the crowds outside of the grounds. It was a

**Sad, Painful Scene.**  
Everyone hoped for the best, but not without some forebodings, and each bit of news from the sick-room was eagerly sought for.

It was noticed that there was considerably more hurrying in and about the Mansion, and a more serious look appeared on the faces of the inmates. About 9 o'clock District Attorney Corkhill drove up and went up-stairs and was met by the Attorney-General. He was quickly followed by Col. Wm. A. Cook and A. M. Gibson. They consulted about half an hour, and the last named two descended, and going out into the grounds, consulted in the shadow of a large tree for a long time. All was suggestive of a good many things, but the greatest mystery surrounded the movements of the gentlemen, and they refused to divulge anything. Detectives McElfresh and Miller, and Chief of the Secret Service Brooks, with Special Agent Rathbone and Frank Cosgrove, the New York detective, were also there whispering and moving about as though on the watch for some important development. The crowd outside of the grounds, in the meantime, was rapidly increasing. The people were orderly, but anxious and impatient to hear the news.

**Guiteau Makes a Revelation.**  
District Attorney Corkhill, at the request of Guiteau, visited the latter in his cell yesterday afternoon, and was with him three hours. Guiteau made a full statement of his actions, and stated where he got the money from to purchase his pistol. The District Attorney states that he also made other important disclosures, but of such a nature that they would not be made public unless verified. The facts were announced by Corkhill to the Cabinet during his visit to the White House last night and later detectives were sent out to work the matter up. Detective McDevitt left here on an eastern-bound train, and it is believed that his sudden departure has something to do with Guiteau's statement.

**Sorry he Didn't Kill Him.**  
Chief Brooks, who also had a long talk with Guiteau yesterday afternoon, states that he asked Guiteau what induced him to the rash act. Guiteau replied that it was the wishes of God Almighty. He asked Brooks if the President suffered much. Very much, indeed, was the reply. I am very sorry, Guiteau then said, that I did not shoot him the third time, for that would have ended his sufferings.

**The Vice-President Troubled.**  
Vice-President Arthur remained at Senator Jones' all day. He looked careworn and troubled, and in talking an air of abstraction was noticed. He seems to feel keenly the position in which the death of the President would place him. He positively refuses to be interviewed, and though he receives newspaper correspondents who call upon him, declines to say anything beyond expressing his regrets at the unfortunate affair.

**The Case Critical But Not Hopeless.**  
The President's case is critical, but not hopeless.

**The Bulletin This Morning--The Doctors Still Consulting.**  
EXECUTIVE MANSION, July 4, 8:15 a. m.  
The consultation which began at 7:30 o'clock, immediately upon the arrival of Drs. Agnew and Hamilton, is still in progress. It will not be possible to issue a bulletin for half an hour.

Shortly after the above the following was issued:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, July 4, 8:15.  
The condition of the President is not materially different from that reported in the last bulletin, 12:30 a. m. He has dozed at intervals during the night, and at times has continued to complain of the pain in his feet. The tympanitis reported has not sensibly increased. Pulse, 108; temperature, 99.4; respiration, 19.  
D. W. Bliss, J. K. Barnes, J. J. Woodward, Robt. Reynolds, F. K. Hamilton, of New York; D. Hayes Agnew, of Philadelphia.

### The Treatment Approved.

July 4, 8:15 a. m.  
We had a consultation with the physicians in charge of the President's case at 7:15 a. m., and approve in every particular of the management and of the course of treatment which has been pursued.

**Dr. Hamilton's Statement to a Critic Reporter.**  
Dr. Hamilton was seen by a CRITIC man just after the consultation, but declined to state positively the President's chances for life. He said everything depended upon the extent of the inflammation which so far had only moderately manifested itself. It might be possible to check the inflammation, he thought, or it might limit itself.

**The Crisis in the Case.**  
Would come this afternoon, and should it be passed in safety, the President's chances of recovery were good.

**Precautions Against Any Shock.**  
From the explosion of fire-arms and pyrotechnics have been taken. Last night pop-crackers and toy pistols began to make the air horrid about the neighborhood of Fifteenth street, and Col. Corbin immediately requested a sufficient number of police to put an immediate stop to the disturbance. Major Hanneman, of the District militia was to have fired the customary salute in honor of the 4th of July to-day, but was seen by the Chief of Police, and the deed abandoned, as perfect quiet is absolutely necessary for the comfort and welfare of His Excellency.

**A Graceful, Generous, Just Act.**  
The last official signature of President Garfield before he was shot was to sign the commission of Capt. Wm. G. Mitchell, Fifth United States Infantry, late A. D. C., to Major-General W. S. Hancock, U. S. A., as Assistant Adjutant-General, U. S. A., with the rank of Major. Gen. Mitchell has, ever since an early period of the war of the rebellion, been attached to the personal staff of Gen. Hancock, and it was at the special request of Gen. Hancock that the appointment was made. Gen. Mitchell is a gallant, faithful soldier, and high-toned, gentle gentleman.

**The President's Mother Sent For.**  
The President took nourishment several times during yesterday afternoon, was conscious, and conversed, when allowed, freely. At his own request a telegram was forwarded to his mother, requesting her to come to Washington at once. About 2 o'clock, when no one was in the room but Mrs. Garfield and Dr. Bliss, the patient, who was taking some beef tea, requested to be informed what the people were saying about the affair. Dr. Bliss not objecting, Mrs. Garfield selected a paper from a heap piled up in one corner of the apartment and read from it extracts relating to the cause and effects of the assassination.

**When she reached a paragraph setting forth a theory that the shooting was the result of a plot, the President shook his head dubiously, and remarked: "I do not believe it." It was apparent that he desired to say more on the subject, but he was not allowed. Shortly after that he fell into a pleasant sleep, and for an hour slept quietly.**

**The Assassin's Photograph.**  
Guiteau was asked when he wanted to sit for his photograph. "What do you want it for?" he exclaimed, looking up quickly. "For our collection at Police Headquarters and also for publication in the illustrated papers." Guiteau responded, dramatically: "Well, you shall not have it for your infamous collection of thieves and rascals, but if you will publish it so all the public can see it I will sit and have it taken. I especially desire that Harper and Frank Leslie shall have it." It has not yet been decided when he will be photographed.

**It was rumored on the street yesterday and denied, and again this morning and still denied, that Guiteau had been removed from the jail to a monitor, or to the Arsenal. This may or may not be true. It would seem no more than right that some such disposition should be made of the assassin, if, kept in the jail it will require a large force of soldiers and police constantly on duty to avoid the danger of a mob taking him from the jail. While on a monitor, or in the Arsenal, he could be guarded by the force on duty daily.**

**Vice-President Arthur at the White House.**  
Vice-President Arthur arrived at the White House shortly after Gibson, Cook & Co. had departed. He was accompanied by Senator Jones, of Nevada. Their arrival was unexpected, as it had been announced that the physicians deemed it unwise for him to see the President until after the crisis had passed. A large number of persons, mainly newspaper correspondents, were in the vestibule at the time and when the distinguished pair

**Appeared Upon the Scene.**  
There was considerable comment. The visitors rushed up stairs without paying attention to the efforts of acquaintances, who pressed forward to speak with them. They were met at the head of the stairs by Attorney-General MacVeagh, Postmaster-General James and Secretary Windom, who ushered them into the Cabinet room. Secretary Blaine's carriage drove up to the Mansion immediately afterwards, and the Secretary hurried up to meet those in the Cabinet room awaiting their arrival. Under the shadow of death's mansion was no time for personal formalities, and when the Secretary entered the room he walked to where Arthur was sitting, with extended hand, exclaiming: "General, I am glad that you have arrived."

**The Vice-President Seized the Proffered Hand,** remarking, with feeling, "And Mr. Secretary I am glad to be here, but cannot too fully regret the great trouble that has fallen upon us." The other occupants of the room watched this proceeding with interest, and soon all were pleasantly chatting of the events of the past few days. The

Vice-President later met Mrs. Garfield in her private parlor, and the meeting between them, as described by one who was present, was touching in the extreme. Tears stood in Gen. Arthur's eyes as he clasped both of Mrs. Garfield's hands in his, and in feeling tones he expressed his utmost sympathy for her affliction and his regret of the frightful tragedy. The brave little woman, though, did not indicate that she feared anything more serious than that which had already occurred, and with marvelous heroism she smiled and

**Buried Her Sorrows,** and made inquiries after the Vice-President's health and expressed a wish

change in the President's condition before to-day, should it occur then.

**How Mrs. Garfield Bears Up.**  
Mrs. Garfield, who bears her affliction like a martyr, remained with the President until 11 o'clock, when at the earnest solicitation of the attending physicians, she retired to obtain much-needed rest. She was again at the President's bedside at an early hour this morning.

Drs. Hamilton and Agnew, who were telegraphed for, arrived here on an early train this morning. Dr. Agnew left for Philadelphia soon after the consultation, but Dr.



CHARLES GUITEAU.  
(Sketched in Jail for THE CRITIC by S. H. Neely, July 3.)

We present herewith a picture of Guiteau, who, on Saturday attempted the life of President Garfield. His face is not one to commend him, and the only wonder is that a man with such a countenance should not have been arrested at once when he intimated so much anxiety about the President's arrival at the depot.

that he had not been inconvenienced by his sudden summons to Washington. The interview lasted about twenty minutes, after which the Vice-President returned to the Cabinet room and remained until nearly 11 o'clock. It was not possible though for him to see the President. The physicians positively forbade it and

**General Arthur and Senator Jones** finally departed, promising to return to-day. The Vice-President was summoned to the White House last night on a personal note from Secretary Blaine. It had been delivered to him by Messrs. MacVeagh and James. The occasion of the hasty summons at such a late hour was the result of a Cabinet consultation, at which the exigencies of the future, in the event of the death of the President, were seriously discussed. The fact that the Senate had elected no president tempore, and that the House was without a Speaker, was considered, and it was recognized that should any

**Accident Befall the Vice-President** the country would be in a state of anarchy. A suggestion was made that the President, while in possession of his faculties and strength should be induced to call a special session of the Senate and House immediately in order to provide a Vice-President *pro tempore* and a new speaker. This was not acted upon though, as the members of the Cabinet were

**Encouraged by News from the Sick Room** to hope for the President's recovery. The best plan, and the one adopted was to send for General Arthur and with him discuss the whole situation. This is why General Arthur appeared so suddenly at the White House last night. It is understood that General Arthur frankly admitted the gravity of the situation, and expressed himself perfectly willing to act in harmony with the Cabinet.

**In the Event of the President's Death.**  
He was asked if he was prepared to assume the duties of President at a moment's notice, and replied that he was.

**ANXIOUS VIGIL WAS KEPT** by all for news from the sick room. Bulletins were issued every hour, and as morning drew near the indications were to the effect that the President was growing worse. Telegrams had been sent summoning the President's mother, and Mrs. Hamilton, of New York, and Agnew, of Philadelphia, had been summoned to hasten here by special train. Indeed, at 1 o'clock this morning grave fears were expressed that the President could not live longer than twelve hours, and

**Sadness Pervaded the Little Group of Watchers** at his bedside and those who waited patiently below stairs for news of his condition. At 1 o'clock this morning another bulletin was issued, and read aloud by Col. Bob Ingersoll to a small knot of newspaper correspondents on the White House portico. This announced the appearance of tympanitis, the advance agent of peritonitis, from which a victim rarely ever recovers. This was recognized as the approach of the crisis, and the recipients of the sad news turned sadly away from the door. "His death is now only a matter of time," said Col. Ingersoll, tears bedimming his eyes. "God help the country!" Secretary Blaine, who was just leaving the Mansion, overheard the remark, and said: "Oh, you must not think it as bad as that." Secretary Hunt, who was just behind Mr. Blaine, shook his head sorrowfully, remarking: "This is a bad blow, indeed, but if he pulls through to 10 o'clock to-morrow he will recover." Mrs. Garfield heard the announcement of the examination with perfect composure, never once complaining. Dr. Bliss said she was the most heroic woman he ever saw. The Doctor still held to the opinion that the President would pull through.

At that hour several persons still hung around the outside of the grounds, but the Mansion became more quiet, the physicians deciding it so.

**All the Cabinet Ministers,** with their wives and a few other friends, remained at the Executive Mansion until about two o'clock this morning, at which hour they left upon a statement from the physicians that there was no likelihood of a

change in the President's condition before to-day, should it occur then.

**How Mrs. Garfield Bears Up.**  
Mrs. Garfield, who bears her affliction like a martyr, remained with the President until 11 o'clock, when at the earnest solicitation of the attending physicians, she retired to obtain much-needed rest. She was again at the President's bedside at an early hour this morning.

Drs. Hamilton and Agnew, who were telegraphed for, arrived here on an early train this morning. Dr. Agnew left for Philadelphia soon after the consultation, but Dr.

Hamilton remained in the city several hours.

**The Consultation of Physicians** this morning lasted from 6:40 o'clock until 8:35, when a bulletin was issued announcing the improved condition of the President and strong hopes of his pulling through all right. The theory that peritonitis had set in was completely exploded. There was a large crowd in front of the Mansion when this cheerful news was announced, and it was received with manifestations of delight. Sir Edward Thornton was among the earliest callers to-day, and he went away well pleased with the outlook. It certainly was a relief to the newspaper correspondents who had remained on duty at the Mansion all night.

**The Diplomatic Corps** have shown much sympathy for the President, and the members of each legation call at the White House repeatedly during the day. Sir Edward Thornton and the Nicaraguan members have been unusually solicitous. The former called twice to-day before noon. The latter remained outside the Mansion all day, eager to hear the latest news from the sick room.

**All the Cabinet Ministers** were promptly on hand this morning. No one was admitted to the President's room, not even the members of the family, excepting Mrs. Garfield. They are all sustained by

**A Strong Hope** in the President's ultimate recovery, and seem determined that he shall not be taken from them. The same feeling seems to pervade all the President's intimate friends. Mr. J. Stanley Brown, the President's private secretary, who has just returned from a trip abroad to find the President dying, is almost heart-broken, but is firm in the belief of the President's recovery.

**An Alleged Interview with Guiteau Denied.**  
District Attorney Corkhill gives an authoritative denial to the interview with Guiteau, as published in a morning paper. He says no such interview took place, and that no one but the proper authorities have been or will be allowed to talk with the prisoner. The District Attorney is in frequent consultation with Chief Brooks, of the Secret Service.

**Miss Mollie Garfield** stands the ordeal well, as in fact do all the family. Miss Mollie left the house this morning to stop at the house of Secretary Windom.

**Waiting for Developments.**  
The City Hall offices were all closed this morning with the exception of the District Attorney's Office. Justice Walter S. Cox was early present in the office of the District Attorney, but he said to our reporter that his visit had no significance save that he was anxious to know if there were any further developments than those stated in the morning papers.

**The President's Sufferings.**  
Secretary Blaine said this morning at 8 o'clock, that while the President rested somewhat, he suffered, and is suffering torture from tympanitis. The President bears up under the pain with heroic fortitude, however, and, though hourly expecting death, is calm and unflinching.

**Tympanitis.**  
The ailment at present of the President

is a congregation of gases in the abdominal cavity, caused by inflammation of the lining of the stomach. It is almost always a forerunner of peritonitis, which is acute inflammation of the mucous membrane which lines the bowels, and is usually regarded as fatal.

**Dispatches From Abroad.**  
Despatches are continually pouring in to the White House from our representatives abroad and from prominent members of foreign governments. They all express the most intense anxiety for news of the President's condition. They are promptly answered by Secretary Blaine.

**IN THE CHURCHES.**  
**How the Tragedy was Viewed From the Pulpit.**

In all of the churches of this District yesterday, as stated in a CRITIC extra, the tragedy was the subject of prayer and discourse.

At the Vermont Avenue Christian Church, of which President Garfield is a member, the morning service was conducted by Rev. A. L. Hobbs, of Cincinnati, who delivered an impressive discourse from the 15th chapter of 1st Corinthians, 32d verse: "Let us eat and drink, for to-morrow we die." His sermon was almost entirely Scriptural, the only references that he made to the subject which, under the circumstances, was the uppermost in the minds of his congregation, were in the concluding portions. He dwelt briefly on that portion of Guiteau's letter in which he says: "Life is but a flimsy dream, and it matters but little when one goes. A human life is of small value," denying both propositions, and then referred to the mania for office-seeking, which he said was on the increase. He wanted President Garfield to live, he said, because he had a work to do. His escape from instant death at the hands of his assassin he said was providential. "But if God wants the life of James Garfield He will take it," he said, "and if He can better accomplish His ends by his death, we will give it to him."

In the evening at the same church a special service was held, and feeling altitudes were made to the President's family and friends.

**Fervent Sympathy of the Hebrews.**  
The members of the Washington Hebrew Congregation assembled at their temple on Eighth street, and, after a fervent prayer for the recovery of the President of the United States, adopted the following expression of their deep-felt sorrow: Feeling remarks were made by Hon. Simon Wolf and Lewis Abraham, esq., the audience exhibiting the utmost sympathy with the proceedings. The action of the congregation was at once transmitted to the Department of State by Isaac L. Blout, B. Gussard, B. Kaufman, J. Gotthelf, Henry King, sr., and Adolph Adler.

**They Shall Not Kill!**  
The members of the Washington Hebrew Congregation, in public meeting assembled, at their house of worship, with hearts bowed down with inexpressible sorrow, desire to give expression to the profound grief they feel at the dastardly attack on the life of His Excellency the President of the United States, and in common with their fellow-citizens throughout the land, deplore and denounce the horrible crime that has so cruelly stricken the Nation and so wantonly afflicted an honored and beloved family.

The murderer's merciless wounds have sacrilegiously plunged in poignant grief a devoted wife and affectionately-endearing children! The assassin's impious blow has made a whole Nation bleed! May the Almighty condole the afflicted household, restore to perfect health our beloved President, and thus bind up the wounds of the Republic.

The members of the Washington Hebrew Congregation, deeply moved at the deplorable, inhuman, and execrable outrage, that is an offense against all civilized peoples, a heinous crime against humanity, an inexcusable violation of divine commands and human codes, mourn with the afflicted relatives and Nation, and reverently extend their deepest sympathy and condolence to the family of President Garfield in their sad hour of trial and to their fellow-citizens at the terrible attack on their chosen Chief Magistrate.

**Ordered,** That a copy of the foregoing, duly attested by the officers of the congregation, be forthwith transmitted to the Secretary of State of the United States.

**At Other Churches.**  
At Trinity P. E. Church the associate pastor, Rev. Dr. Forrest, announced a special afternoon service as follows: "We will meet together this afternoon for prayer for our country, and to invoke the mercy of God to spare to us the life of that good, noble man, its Chief Magistrate, who lies there suffering from the hand of a ruthless assassin." Special services for the offering of prayers in behalf of the President were also held at the P. E. Church of the Epiphany, at which the responses were very fervent and earnest.

At St. Matthew's Church, Rev. John D. Boland reminded the congregation of the solemn duty of all, irrespective of religion or creed, to offer up fervent prayers for the speedy recovery of the President. At St. Aloysius and the other Catholic churches similar announcements were made. Rev. J. R. Paxton, at the New York Avenue Presbyterian Church, read, before his prayer for the President, the latest report of his condition. At the Foundry M. E. Church the morning exercises, conducted by Rev. Mr. Ward, were made a service of prayer for the Executive. Dr. Rankin, of the Congregational Church, and preachers at other churches prefaced their sermons by allusions to the sorrowful event.

At the Congregational Church, Rev. Dr. Rankin asked the congregation to unite in prayer for the wounded Chief-Magistrate, and during the service read a dispatch from his bedside, at the White House, announcing the favorable aspect of his condition. In the solemn communion service prayer was also made for him.

At the Methodist Society, South Washington, earnest prayer was offered for the recovery of General Garfield, and at Ryland Chapel Rev. Dr. Deale mentioned in special prayer the victim and the family at the White House. Like prayers were offered in all the Methodist churches.

Rev. Dr. Sunderland spoke most feelingly of the danger of the President at the Four-and-a-half Street Presbyterian Church, and, with the congregation, offered fervent prayers in his behalf. Similar services took place at all the Presbyterian churches.

The German-speaking churches made the German tongue the vehicle of similar petitions with those which went up from the English congregations.

At the German Evangelical Lutheran Church, on Fourth and E streets, Rev. Mr. Lenkbert added a special prayer in German to the ritual, asking that the "wicked intention of the assassin may be frustrated, and to our dear country be preserved the head of its Government."

In the colored churches there was frequent mention of the terrible deed of Saturday, and earnest, vehement prayer that the bullet of the assassin might not be permitted to slay. The Rev. W. H. Lee, First Colored Baptist Church, South Washington, spoke with fervor of the good qualities of the President and his services. Prayer for the President with great warmth was offered in the F street Zion Baptist Church, and in the colored church near the base of Capitol Hill the pastor exhorted his flock to "storm Heaven with their prayers and defeat the wicked murderer." These are but specimens of what occurred in all the colored churches.

**What Dr. Bliss Thought of the Prospect at Noon.**  
A representative of THE CRITIC saw Dr. Bliss at noon, and he said that no serious complications have arisen in the President's case to-day, and that every hour that passes without such complications gives them great encouragement, and should it so continue during the day they might be led to think the President will get along all right. Still, the President could hardly be said to be beyond danger, as there is no limit to such complications, and they are liable to manifest themselves at any time. The great danger Dr. Bliss now fears is from inflammation setting in, causing a cavity around the wound and rendering its treatment more difficult and complicated. The physicians are all hopeful, and have not given way in the least.

**Third Edition.**  
3.00 P. M.

**HOPEFUL!**  
**The Relief Expressed by Physicians.**  
It is reported at this writing, 12 m., that the physicians have succeeded in allaying the pain in the President's feet and are more encouraged than ever. The crisis will occur this afternoon, and the opinion is now general among the physicians and others that should the President survive to-day, which they have every reason to believe, his chances of ultimate recovery are very good indeed.

**Secretary Lincoln More Confident.**  
Secretary Lincoln, who has been almost constantly in attendance on the President since the shooting, feels a trifle more confident of the President's recovery this morning.

**Mrs. Judge Black to Mrs. Garfield.**  
Mrs. Garfield has received the following telegram from Mrs. J. S. Black, wife of Judge Black, at York, Pa.:  
"We are in the deepest anxiety and distress at the awful disaster. We are praying that the President's precious life may be spared. I sympathize with you in your great trouble."

Similar dispatches have been received from persons all over the country, irrespective of politics or creed.

**THE LATEST BULLETIN.**  
**The Patient's Condition at 12:30.**  
The following has just been issued:  
EXECUTIVE MANSION, July 4, 12:30 p. m.  
There has been but little change in the President's condition since the last bulletin. Complain much less of the pain in his feet. Slight vomiting occasionally. Pulse, 110; temperature, 100°; respiration, 21.

D. W. BLISS, J. K. HARRIS, J. J. WOODWARD, ROBT. REYNOLDS.  
The next bulletin will be issued at 6 o'clock p. m.

**The Postmaster-General Hopeful.**  
Postmaster-General James says at 11:30 he is very much gratified with the President's condition to-day, and is now confident he will recover.

**Sympathetic Callers.**  
Among the hundreds of prominent callers in addition to the Cabinet officers and the foreign ministers, were Justice Bradley, Justice Harlan, Senator Camden, Gen. Sherman, Marshall Jewell, ex-Secretary Thompson, Gen. George Thomas, Representative Vallentine, Representative Jorgensen, Representative Dezenoff, Commissioner Deaf, Col. Barr, Bishop Andrews, Judge Hagner, Gen. Baum, Treasurer Gilliland, Senator Benjamin Harrison, and Senator Beck.

[Continued on 4th Page.]

**F. Tharp's New Store.**  
818 F street, the place to get a good article of wine, brandy, whiskey, or anything in the liquor line, at fair prices. Goods reliable. All in want of anything in his line should give him a call.

**Our Whole Stock** of summer dress goods at cost. A. Boland, 707 Market Space.

**America Leads.**  
Statistics show that the wine crops of France and Germany have of late been a complete failure. Chris. Xander has a fine stock of native wines, superior to the imported, which are guaranteed pure and genuine. No. 911 Seventh street northwest.

**The Most Extensive Assortment** of boys' and children's clothing, boys' shirts and children's shirt-waists ever displayed, at the popular Boys' Clothing House of B. Robinson & Co., 909 Pennsylvania avenue.

**Because of the Precarious Condition** of the President the music at Abner's, Driver's and the Theatre Comique, on Saturday, was stopped. No music will be played at these places while his condition remains so doubtful.